





Fraud & Security in 2018

The Why & How of Securing Treasury & Payments

Craig Jeffery, Strategic Treasurer

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About the Presenter

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Craig Jeffery, CCM, FLMI Founder & Managing Partner Strategic Treasurer

Craig Jeffery formed Strategic Treasurer LLC in 2004 to provide corporate, educational, and government entities direct access to comprehensive and current assistance with their treasury and financial process needs. His 20+ years of financial and treasury experience as a practitioner and as a consultant have uniquely qualified him to help organizations craft realistic goals and achieve significant benefits quickly.



Strategic Treasurer was founded in 2004 by Craig Jeffery, a financial expert and trusted advisor to executive treasury teams since the early 1990s. Partners and associates of Strategic Treasurer span the US, the UK, and continental Europe.

This team of experienced treasury specialists are widely recognized and respected leaders in treasury. Known for their expertise in treasury technology, risk management, and working capital as well as other cash management and banking issues, they efficiently identify issues, creatively explore ideas and options, and provide effective solutions and implementations for their valued clients.





Topics of Discussion







Treasury's Situation

Treasury's Experience with Fraud

- **Escalating Fraud Activity**
- Types of Fraud Experienced
- Success Rates & Losses Sustained

Assessing the Fraud Environment

- The Fraud Battlefield
- The Criminal's Playbook

Security Considerations for Treasury

- IT vs. Treasury Considerations
- Human vs. Technology Components
- 12 Key Security Principles
 - **Dual Controls & Multi-factor Authentication**
 - Principle of Least Privilege
 - Awareness, Testing, & Training

Final Thoughts, Key Takeaways





Treasury's Situation

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Top Treasury Responsibilities

What functions do you use or need in treasury? (Select all that apply)

*Not all answer choices shown below

Cash Positioning: 86%

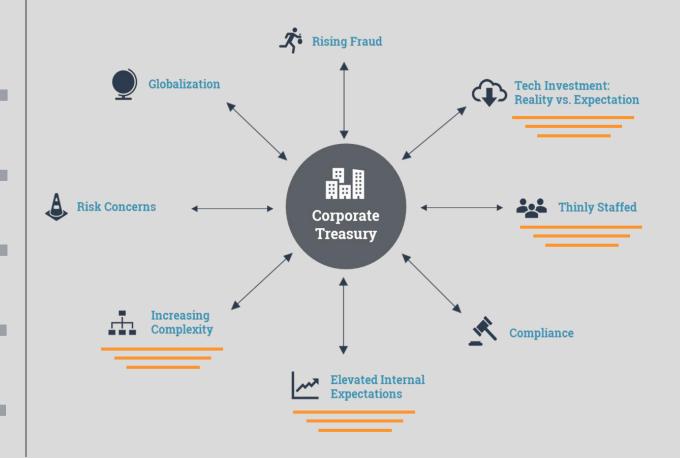
Cash Forecasting: 79%

Funds Transfer: Wires 71%

Bank Account Management: 70%

Liquidity Management: 53%

Treasury's Situation: Challenges & Considerations







Treasury Experiences with Fraud

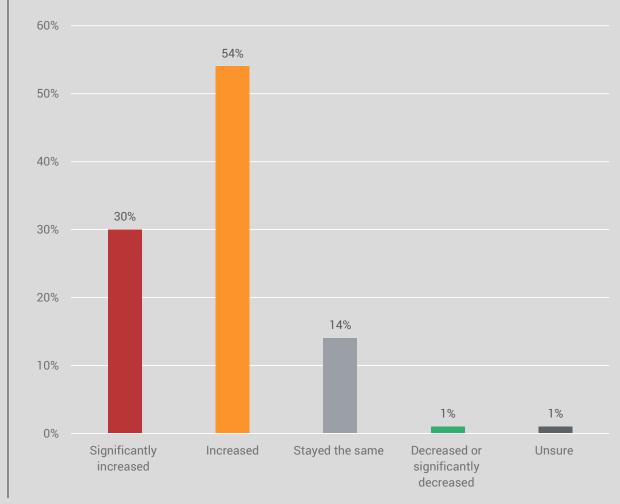




Escalated Threat

- Comparing 2018 to 2017, the vast majority (84%) of treasury practitioners believe the threat of cyber and payments fraud has increased.
- Only 1% believe that the threat has decreased.
- These figures highlight the extreme levels of concern towards fraud within the treasury environment.

In the past year, I think that the threat-level of cyber fraud and payment fraud has:







Treasury Experiences with Fraud



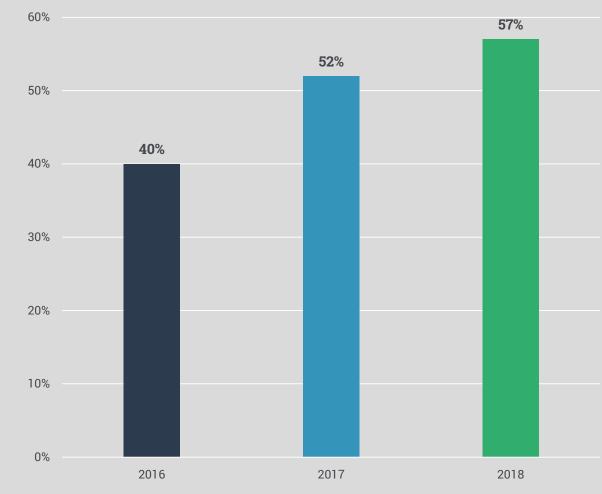


Fraud Experiences Rise

- Looking at organizations' fraud experiences, it appears that practitioners are correct in their beliefs that fraudulent threats have increased.
- These figures represent a 17% overall increase (40%+ year-overyear) in fraud experience since 2016.
- · Today, more organizations experience fraudulent attacks than those that don't.

Have you experienced fraud in the last 12 months?









Treasury Experiences with Fraud

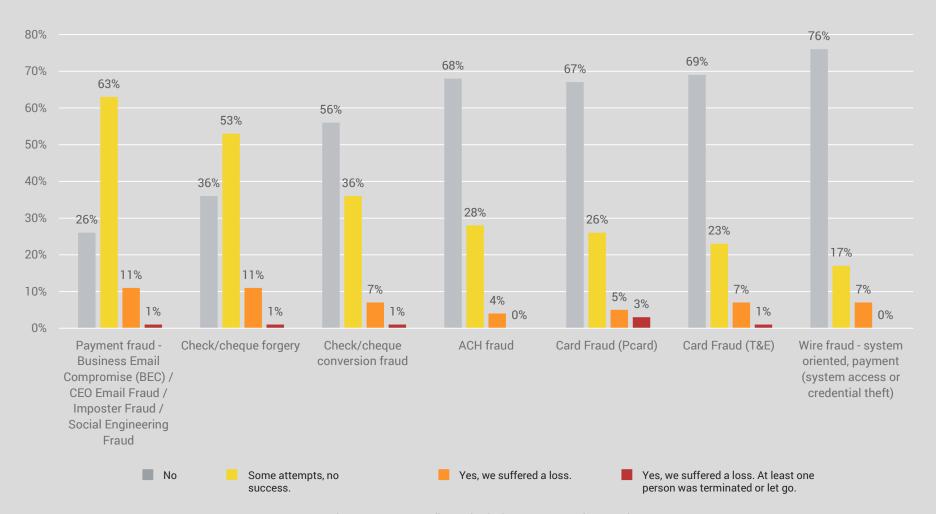
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Have you experienced any of the following in the past two years?

Data excludes "unsure" responses







The Criminal's Playbook

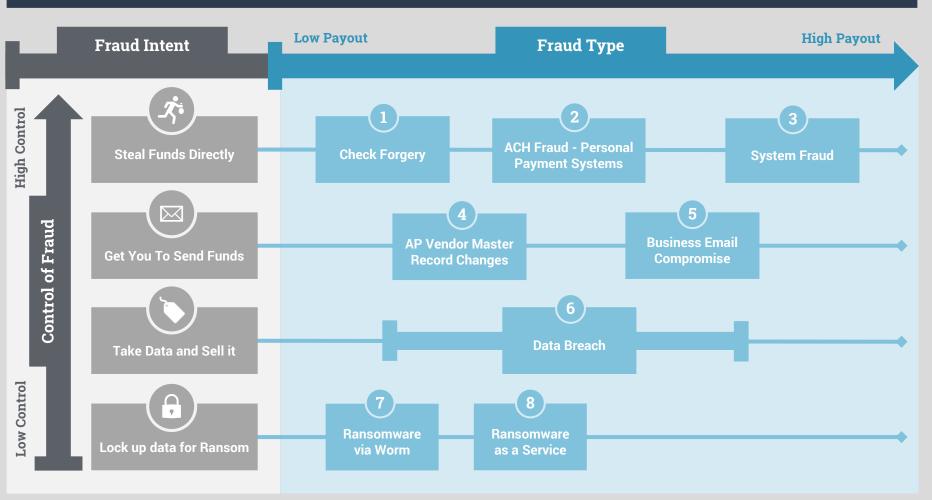








The Criminal's Playbook: Fraud Types & Associated Intentions





The Fraud Battlefield

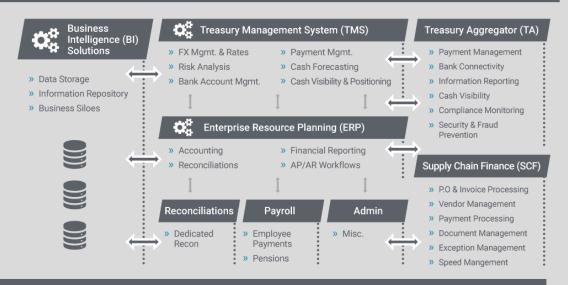






The Fraud Battlefield: Access Control

Organization Perimeter / Interior







Antivirus & Firewall



Desktop Hygiene



Private Network

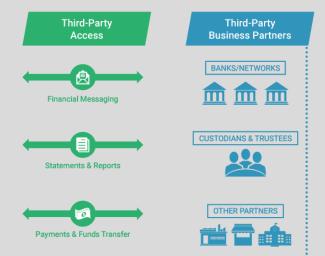


Encrypted Data



Employee Screening

Exterior Environment



Security Elements



Encrypted/Hashed Data & Funds in Transit



3rd Party Data Centers (SSAE 18)



Contractor & Partner Screening





Human vs. Technology Components of Security





Technology Security Components



Firewall

Multifactor Authentication

User Monitoring Tools

Biometrics

Encryption

Tokenization

SAML 2.0

Human Security Components

Security Training (Regularly)

Employee Testing (Phishing emails)

Whistleblower Policy

Clean Desk Policy

Dual Controls

Segregation of Duties

Principle of Least Privilege





Security Considerations: IT vs. Treasury

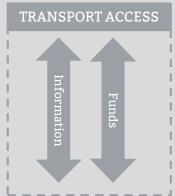
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Information Technology (IT)



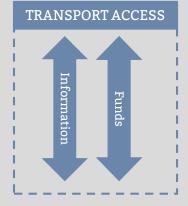


When it comes to security, IT's focus will be primarily on securing the "perimeter" of the organization and as such, may not factor in all exposures, particularly those arising through external sources.

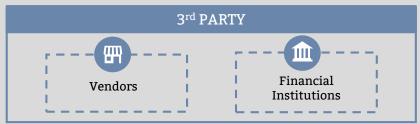


Treasury





Treasury must have a broader view of security that addresses funds/information in transit. as well as information/funds stored or managed externally. This includes 3rd party data servers, bank systems and data siloes, etc.







12 Key Security Principles

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A Strategic Approach to Fraud Prevention & Security

- In the modern environment, the best way to fight fraud is to develop a comprehensive controls framework that considers each element of security.
- Strategic Treasurer's 12 security principles expand on the vital elements of security that must be considered for any organization to effectively protect against fraudulent activity.
- The following slides will focus on 4-5 of these principles and what their effective utilization looks like within a treasury setting.

Strategic Treasurer's 12 Security Principles (S.E.C.U.R.E. C.L.A.M.P.S.)

- 1. Speed Matters
- 2. Encryption and Control of Keys
- 3. Challenge / Verify
- 4. Update Continuously
- 5. Readiness / Response
- 6. Exact and Specific Accountability Management
- 7. Control / Dual Controls
- 8. Layers
- 9. Awareness / Understanding / Testing
- 10. Monitoring
- 11. Privilege
- 12. Secure Removal / Deletion of Data





Dual Controls

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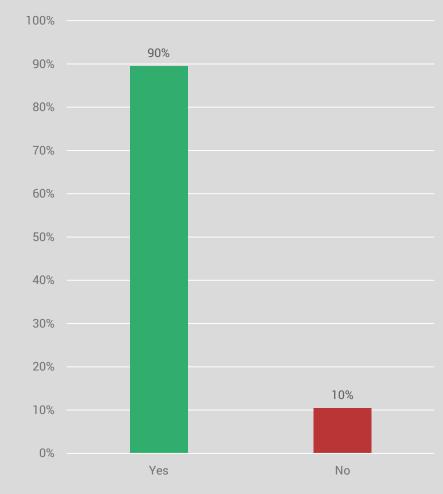
Dual Controls

- Dual controls refers to the practice of requiring more than one employee to approve/generate a payment.
- Makes it harder for criminals to steal funds by requiring multiple employee credentials/approvals.
- · Currently, a significant majority of organizations are actively using this security practice (see graph on right)

Industry Use: Current State



Does your organization require dual controls for all transactions?







Layers & Multi-Factor Authentication





Layers

- The term "layers" in the context of security refers to the practice of implementing multiple tiers of controls across a given process or area of operation, such as payments.
- The intent is that if one layer is compromised, the additional layers will still prevent an attack from succeeding.

Industry Use: Current State



 While multifactor authentication is still a relatively new practice, it has seen promising adoption throughout the treasury environment.

Sample Layers: Multifactor Authentication



Fraudulent Transfer

In order for a criminal to steal funds, they must possess:



Employee Credentials

The individual credentials of an employee with authority over payment generation.



Physical Key Fob

A physical key-fob or token that is unique to each specific employee.



Multiple Sets of Information

If dual controls are involved, the criminal would have to possess this information for TWO employees in order to control the entire process.





Layers & Multi-Factor Authentication

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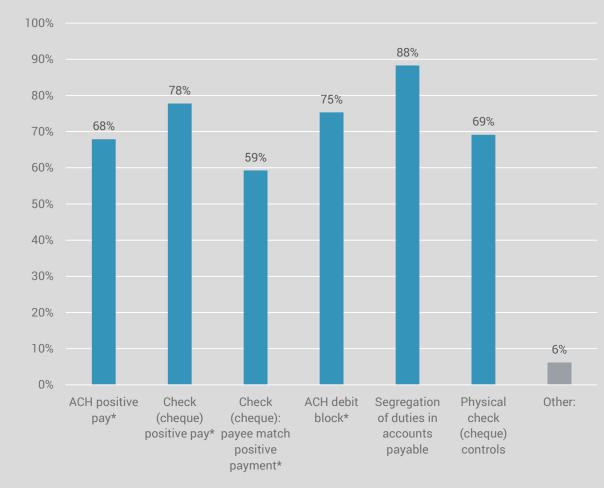




Security Layers

- Besides multifactor authentication, a "layered" approach to security could consist of other elements.
- Combining segregation of duties with positive pay services and other security tools provides a fresh layer of security at each "juncture" in the payments process.
- · This practice results in multiple points where fraud can be identified and thwarted.

What controls does your organization have to prevent payment fraud? (Select all that apply)







Principle of Least Privilege

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Principle of Least Privilege

- The principle of least privilege involves restricting access to any sensitive information to only those employees that MUST have it, and ONLY for as long as they must have it.
- If such information is not critical to the day-to-day functioning for a specific employee, they should not be granted access.

Industry Use: Current State



Most organizations today employ some form of this principle, though in limited measure. Some of these practices are undefined or informal.

Sensitive Information to Withhold







Principle of Least Privilege

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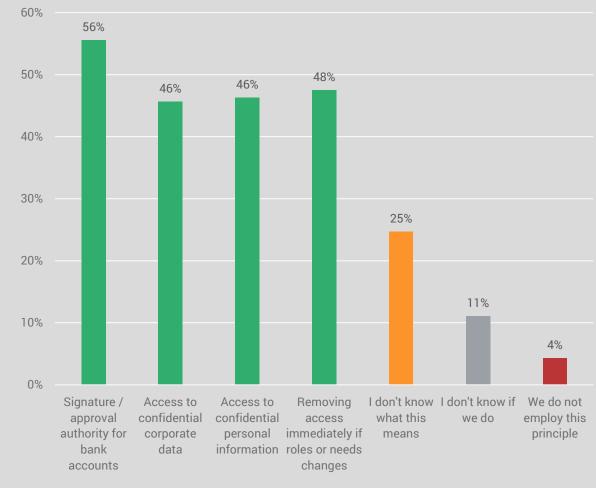




Principle of Least Privilege

- Approximately half of organizations employ the principle of least privilege in at least one of it's various forms.
- 1/4th of non-bank respondents were unsure of what the term referred to: however, this does not necessarily mean they weren't employing it.
- 11% were unsure of their company's status on this principle.
- Only 4% could say with certainty that their firm does not employ this principle.

We intentionally employ the principle of least privilege for: (Select all that apply)







Dedicated & Regular Security Training

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- This principle focuses on ensuring that treasury staff are routinely educated and updated with regards to best practices for security, and also new fraud developments.
- While many organizations emphasize the "technology" components of security, staff training and testing commonly falls to the wayside.

Industry Use: Current State



While practically all banks require regular training and testing of their employees on security and fraud, traction in the broader financial environment is limited.



Awareness

- What types of fraud are corporates experiencing?
- What specific exposures should we be concerned about?



Training

- What types of attacks should I be wary of?
- How can I keep my company credentials and data safe?
- What should I do in the event of a fraud attack?



Testing

- Deliver "Fake" phishing emails to staff and evaluate their response.
- Provide written tests/quizzes on security policies/procedures to determine employee susceptibility.





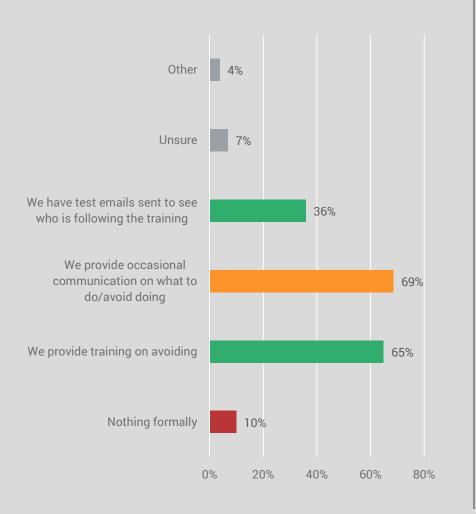
Dedicated & Regular Security Training

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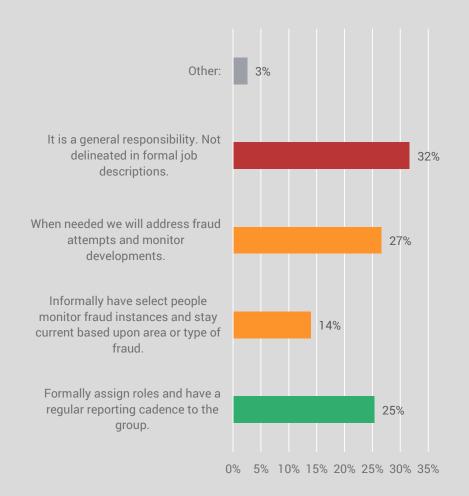




For managing phishing/clickbait attacks, we do the following: (Select all that apply)



For assigning responsibility to track fraud and stay current on development, we:







Final Thoughts, Key Takeaways

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Fraud Experience Continues to Escalate. Since 2016, the number of organizations that experience fraud has risen steadily from 40% to 57%. Today, more organizations experience fraud than those that don't.



Today's Criminal is Sophisticated and Persistent. It is not just simple check fraud that criminals are using to target firms. Today's fraudulent schemes have become incredibly complex and technologically advanced.



The Security Response Must be Comprehensive: Technology & **Human.** Given the current fraud environment, companies have no choice but to adopt security layers and controls that comprehensively cover all exposures and access points.



Take Action Proactively...Do Not Wait. Plugging a gap after a criminal has exposed it is too late. Be proactive in identifying and correcting weaknesses before a criminal identifies them.











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